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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/018,667	(08/02/2002	Kevin B. Hatton	267/251	1717
22249	, 7590	08/27/2003		•	
LYON & I	YON LL	P	EXAMINER		
633 WEST FIFTH STREET SUITE 4700				TRINH, BA K	
LOS ANGELES, CA 90071		90071	•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1625 DATE MAILED: 08/27/2003	· • 6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/018,667	HATTON ET AL.					
Offic Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit					
	Ba K. Trinh	1625					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>03</u> MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08/02/2002</u> .						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)	★ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims 4)⊠ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the appl	ication						
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4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5)⊠ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are allowed							
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-15</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
. 12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper	948) 5) Notice of Ir	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)					
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	ffice Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 6					

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Claims 1-15 are pending.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Soldatos et al (US 3398102).

Soldatos et al teaches a polymer made by reacting a cycloepoxide with a polyol (or multifunctional hydroxy compound) in the presence of a tertiary amine; note the abstract and examples 1-5. The patented reactants are either identical or analogotas to the current reactants while the catalysts are different, i.e. amine versus the current heterogeneous surface-active catalyst. The prior art product would read on the current product since a product-by-process is equivalent to a product itself regardless of the process of making the same. The prior art products have a wide range of epoxide contents as shown in examples 1 to 4 in column 5 of the patent which would embrace and/or be overlapped with the current epoxide content. Thus, the claimed invention would be deemed obvious over the teachings of Soldatos et al for making a curable

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composition and using the same as laminating agent or binder; note lines 25 to 57 column 1.

Claims 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Robins et al (US 4115295).

Robins et al teaches a reaction product of an epoxide and a hydroxy compound which are identical or analogous to the current compound; note the abstract and claim 1 wherein the the ratio of equivalents of hydroxy-containing material to equivalents of epoxide in the range of about 0.3/1 to 1.5/1. The prior art compound would read on the current compound although their manufacturings are somewhat different because of different catalysts had been used. The compounds are useful for making curable composition and for similar utilities; note lines 1 to 11 column 2 of the patent.

Claims 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over EPA 493916.

EPA 493916 discloses in example 9 page 7 and in page 4 lines 1 to 5 on compound obtained by reacting a cycloepoxide with a polyhydroxy compound having an epoxy content of 2.36 mol/kg. The teachings would read on the claimed compound and/or render the same obvious since the catalyst used in the processes of making both compounds are different. It is noted that a product can be made by more than one process as shown by the prior art of record. The prior art compound can also be used for the same utilities as of the claimed invention; note lines 44-48 page 4 and lines 47 to 49 page 5 of the reference.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

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The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 12 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 12 and 15 provides for the use of the product in claim 1 for preparing a curable composition and using the same for making various products, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claims 12 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

Claims 1 to 10 are allowable since the prior art fails to teach and/or family suggest the use of the current catalysts for making the current compound(s).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ba Trinh whose telephone number is 308-4545. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30 am-5:00 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alan Rotman can be reached on 308-4698. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 305-4556 for regular communications and 305-3592 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 308-1235.

Trinh/tgd July 30, 2003

BA K. TRINH
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 1200 14 2